Rotationally cold (>99% J = 0) OH<sup>-</sup> molecular ions in a cryogenic storage ring Gustav Eklund ICPEAC 2017 July 27





#### Cooling down molecular ions

- "Hot" ion production
- Cryogenic storage
- Rotational relaxation
- What happens to the temperature of the ions?
- Can we do something more?



#### Outline

- Introduction
  - OH<sup>-</sup>
  - Rotational states and temperature
  - Photodetachment thermometry
- Experiment
  - DESIREE
  - Measurements
  - Results
- Summary

#### The OH<sup>-</sup> molecular ion

- Diatomic molecular ion
- Well studied
  - EA: 1.827 6488(11) eV
  - Rotational constant: 2.3228 meV
- Well separated rotational levels

 $E_J \approx BJ(J+1)$ 

 $P(J) \propto (2J+1)e^{-E_J/k_BT}$ 



#### Photodetachment thermometry

Effective relative photodetachment cross section

$$\sigma_{\rm eff}^{\rm pd}(E) \propto \sum_J I(J)P(J)(E-\epsilon_J)^p$$

I(J) – Intensity factor<sup>+</sup> P(J) – Population  $\epsilon_J$  – Transition threshold p = 0.28 – Threshold exponent<sup>‡</sup>

<sup>†</sup>F. Goldfarb et al., J.Chem. Phys. 122, 014308 (2005).

<sup>‡</sup>P. Engelking, Phys. Rev. A 26, 740 (1982).



RF ion trap with He buffer gas at 50 K

R. Otto et al, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys., 15, 612 (2013).

#### Double ElectroStatic Ion Ring ExpEriment - DESIREE

- Cryogenically cooled to 13.5 ± 0.5 K
- Residual-gas density of 10<sup>4</sup> hydrogen molecules per cm<sup>3</sup>
- OH<sup>-</sup> produced in cesium-sputter source
- Accelerated to 10 keV
- Mass selected by a bending magnet
- Bunch of  $\sim 1 10$  million ions injected
- Beam storage lifetime ~ 10 minutes











### Photodetachment thermometry result



# Experimental procedure continuous probing



# Experimental procedure continuous probing



# Experimental procedure continuous probing



II. Probe laser assisted decay













#### The intrinsic lifetime $A_{10}$

• Fit gives effective decay rate

$$\Gamma_{\rm eff}^{-1} = 135 \pm 26 \, {\rm s}$$



- Two level system approximation at long times
- We find

$$A_{10}^{-1} = 145 \pm 28 \text{ s}$$

Calculated dipole moment 1.10 D<sup>+</sup>

$$A_{10}^{-1} = 150 \text{ s}$$

• Recent measurement<sup>++</sup>

$$A_{10}^{-1} = 193 \pm 7 \text{ s}$$

<sup>+</sup>B. S. D. R. Vamhindi and M.Nsangou, Mol. Phys. 114, 2204 (2016).

<sup>++</sup>C. Meyer et al. Phys. Rev. Lett. 119, 023202 (2017)

#### Summary

- Using photodetachment thermometry we have found
  - Equilibrium distribution of rotational states
    - $P(1) = 5.1 \pm 0.3 \%$
    - $T = 13.4 \pm 0.2 \text{ K}$
    - Consistent with thermal equilibrium with surroundings,  $T = 13.5 \pm 0.5$  K
- Produced an ion beam with > 99 % of ions in rotational ground state
  - Photon, electron, ion and neutral interaction
  - Merged beam experiments
  - Action spectroscopy
  - Molecular ions with no permanent dipole moment
- Measured the intrinsic lifetime  $A_{10}^{-1} = 145 \pm 28 \text{ s}$

H. T. Schmidt et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. Accepted 18 July 2017

#### **Mark Stockett**

**FR-117** - The role of angular momentum in the spontaneous decay of small copper cluster anions measured on long timescales at DESIREE **Gustav Eklund TH-111** - Rotationally cold (>99% J = 0) OH<sup>-</sup> molecular ions in a cryogenic storage ring



**Kiattichart Chartkunchand FR-15** - Lifetimes of bound excited states of Pt<sup>-</sup>

**Emma Anderson MO-142** - Spontaneous decay of hot  $Ag_n^-$  clusters in a cryogenic environment

Thank you for your attention!

